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The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

April 22, 1920, Temperature 71

Rainfall 0.00 inch

Humidity 79

April 22, 191, Temperature 54

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HONGKONG, THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1920.

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TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

THE SAN REMO CONFERENCE.

LONDON, April 20.
The conference to-day discussed and approved the financial clauses of the Turkish treaty. They afterwards discussed the Armenian territorial question, especially the frontier and lastly the question of Batumi.

LONDON, April 20.
The League of Nations letter was read at the conference, declining the Armenian mandate on the ground that the covenant does not provide the powers necessary therefor. Also the mandate implies a heavy financial and military burden. The conference decided to send a note to President Wilson recommending America to support Armenia financially. The borders of Armenia were roughly defined. They are understood to be favourable to Armenia but do not include Trebizond. All decisions regarding Cilicia were suspended. The present tendency is to assign the port of Batumi to Georgia, with special facilities for all nations needing an outlet to the Black Sea.

LONDON, April 21.
The conference decided to appoint a commission to control Turkish finances. Military and naval experts pointed out the difficulty of executing the proposed treaty, especially regarding Erzerum, with a whole Turkish army corps still entrenched, and regarding Anatolia, where numerous bands are still operating. They considered that allied coercive military measures would probably be necessary. The British views were accepted without dissension.

LABOUR WANTS INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ENQUIRY.

LONDON, April 20.
The executive of the labour party has issued a manifesto calling attention to the economic paralysis creeping over Europe in consequence of the war, and appealing to the British government, in order to avoid a world-wide economic breakdown, to press for the establishment of an international body representing allied, neutral, and enemy states, charged with the task of reviewing the whole international economic situation, and making proposals for meeting the immediate difficulties.

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

LONDON, April 20.
When the debate on the budget was resumed, Mr. Asquith emphasised that since the outbreak of war, Britain had devoted 36 per cent. of its revenue, and only 63 per cent. of its borrowings, to meeting the cost of the war. This was a unique record among the belligerents, and exemplified the willingness of the British to make great sacrifices for great purposes. He objected to the proceeds from sales of war-stores being regarded as revenue. He declared that the wine duty was not worth the candle in view of the relatively small return and the ill-feeling it would cause in France, Spain, Portugal, and Italy. He emphasised the need of greater public economy. He criticised the relative smallness of the provision for reduction of the floating debt; but otherwise he warmly approved the budget proposals.

Mr. Clynes lamented that the undue wartime borrowing had maintained none of Mr. Chamberlain's proposals to diminish the cost of living. On the contrary, it was more likely to intensify the situation. Mr. Clynes congratulated Mr. Chamberlain on his excess profits proposal, but rejected the prolonged scheme for redemption of the debt, which could be wiped out in the few years by the continuance of a little self-sacrifice. The removal of the debt would give contentment not only to the poor but many who were not classed as poor.

Mr. Marriott opined that the budget would have the admirable effect of demonstrating to the whole world the country's confidence in the national finances. It would therefore react most favourably on British credit.

WINSTON STILL HAS ANTI-BOLSHEVIST FORCE IN RUSSIA.

LONDON, April 20.
In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Keenworthy, Mr. Churchill stated that a small British military mission is retained in the Crimea with the object of assisting the reorganisation of the anti-Bolshevist army and keeping the new commander-in-chief, General Wrangel, informed of the progress of the negotiations between the British Foreign Office and the Bolsheviks, with a view to securing the lives of Russian soldiers, women children, and refugees in the Crimea. Meanwhile the government would do all it could through the mission to prevent the Bolsheviks overrunning the Crimea and massacring these people.

SHIP'S MARVELLOUS ESCAPE.

LONDON, April 19.
The ship "Speedonia" from the Dutch Indies to Capetown, with a million gallons of petrol aboard, caught fire south of Durban. It arrived at Lourenco Marques with the afterpart completely burned out but the cargo was saved by the steel deck.

OLD BUILDING COLLAPSE.

LONDON, April 19.
At the adjourned inquest in connection with the collapse of the Wolverhampton billiard hall, the coroner marvelled that only two were killed. The hall was built in 1858.

DANGEROUS FIRE IN NEW YORK HARBOUR.

NEW YORK, April 19.
A fire starting on the steamer "Halfried," loaded with nitrates, has threatened the destruction of the Busch terminal and two piers. Several explosions have occurred. Harbour tugs are hurrying to remove endangered shipping.

TEXTILE MISSION TO FAR EAST.

LONDON, April 22.
In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Clough, Mr. Kellaway stated that the department of overseas trade had been endeavouring to arrange for a textile mission to the Far East whereon industrial, commercial, and labour interests could be represented. He was not yet able to supply more precise information, as important questions with regard to the provision of the necessary funds were still being discussed.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

BRITISH BUDGET.

LONDON, April 19th.
In the course of his Budget speech in the House of Commons, Mr. Chamberlain said this Budget was critical because the time had come to lay the deep foundations of future prosperity. The expenditure for 1920 was approximately £144,000,000 in excess of last year's estimate, but £283,000,000 below the Revised Estimates of October 1919.

As regards revenue the result was not merely more favourable than anticipated, but it greatly exceeded the original Budget estimates by £1,201,000,000. The actual Exchequer receipts were nearly £138,500,000.

The Customs and Excise revenue exceeded the estimate by £15,500,000, mainly due to the increased yield in spirits, beer, tobacco and tea. The increase in the consumption of tobacco was unprecedented, due, *inter alia* to greater smoking among women. Tea showed a surplus of £3,000,000, the increase in consumption being unique. The Entertainment Duty yielded £10,500,000, or £2,500,000 more than anticipated.

He proposed that the increase in the Excess Profits Tax operate from January 1st, but in the event of Parliament adopting the War Wealth Levy, which the Committee of Enquiry was investigating, he would be able to reverse the decision as regards the increase.

Assuming the latter to be 60 per cent. it was estimated that the revenue from it would be £230,000,000. Although this tax was a temporary one, a permanent tax was necessary. The Government had sent a mission to Canada and the United States to investigate about the possibility of a permanent tax, on the lines of the levy in those countries, but the methods there were found to be unsuitable to Great Britain.

With a view to preventing the Corporation Tax, mentioned earlier, being too severe a burden on the ordinary shareholder, Mr. Chamberlain proposed that the duty should not exceed 2s. in £1 on the profits remaining after the payment of interest and dividends on Debentures and Preference shares.

The yield from the new tax was estimated to be £50,000,000 for the full year, in addition to the Excess Profits Duty, and £235,000,000 in the current year. The changes mentioned would produce an additional revenue of £278,000,000, and a total revenue of £1,418,000,000.

In the current year Mr. Chamberlain estimated to have £234,000,000 for the redemption of debt, of which £50,000,000 will be available for the reduction of the Floating Debt. Moreover, as a result of the changes, it was anticipated that £300,000,000 would be available next year for the reduction of the debt, half of which would be available to reduce the Floating Debt. They were told, Mr. Chamberlain said, that two such Budgets might destroy the Empire. He retorted that twenty such would redeem the whole Empire's debt.

Mr. Chamberlain estimated that the Revenue next year on the present basis of taxation would be £1,341,650,000; the Expenditure, £1,177,450,000, leaving £164,000,000 for the reduction of the debt. This was insufficient, and he was going to appeal to the country to make generous efforts to improve British credit and lighten the future burden.

Replying to Sir Samuel Roberts, Mr. Chamberlain explained that, although twenty contributions as at present proposed would wipe out the debt, he did not contemplate, after the first great reduction of the debt, that they should continue to pay off at that rate, meaning the extinction of the debt in twenty years. When the first great reduction had taken place, it would be for the country to consider how far it might relax its efforts.

THE SITUATION IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, April 18th.
Hoelz, the Communist, who had been terrorising Saxony for weeks past at the head of a band of brigades in motor-cars was gradually pinned in on the Czechoslovak frontier. He had disguised as a woman to Bohemia, where he reported to have been arrested. A hundred of his Red Guards have been captured by Bavarian troops.

LATER.
Hoelz was arrested at Marienbad and is being taken to Berlin.

BERSLAU, April 18th.
The miners and iron and steel-workers are joining the general strike in Silesia, owing to the action of the French authorities, who threaten that if the strike is effective they will permit Polish troops to cross the frontier.

BERLIN, April 18th.
The *Foerisch Zeitung* says there are increasing signs that the French are gradually evacuating the new bridgehead of the Main, owing to the removal of the unadorned Reichswater from the Ruhr area. The French have already left the occupation zone east of Frankfurt. There are no foreign troops in Offenbach and Mulheim.

LONDON DERRY RIOTS.

LONDON, April 18th.
In the rioting at Londonderry, still a clock in the morning the crowd attacked the soldiers with sticks and crowbars, and there were fifteen police baton charges. Subsequently, there was fighting between Unionists and Sinn Féiners.

MUSTAPHA KEMAL.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 18th.
The Nationalists have attacked Ottoman in Anatolia and are attempting to overthrow the Greek population in severe but ineffective fighting. Mustapha Kemal has decided to defy the Sultan and declare war against Constitutionalists. The position in Southern Anatolia is also unsatisfactory.

BUSINESS NOTICES

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CUT FULL AND

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WHERE SO AS

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LONG LEGS.

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\$4.75 suit

\$5.50 "

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\$12.50 "

\$13.50 "

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Adds, Subtracts, Multiplies, Divides.

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RAIN COATS

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FOR GENTLEMEN

\$7.50 to \$30.00, each

FOR CHILDREN

\$5.50 to \$20.00, each

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\$2.25 to \$2.50, a pair

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Hongkong

LAMMERT BROS.

AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS
AND SURVEYORS.
Public Auctions—

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on
SATURDAY, April 24, 1920,
commencing at 11 a.m.
at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,
7 Vickers Sewing Machines—
Treadle
and
1 Vickers Hand Sewing Machine
(no e or less damaged)
Terms—Cash on delivery.
LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers,
Hongkong April 20, 1920.

on
MONDAY, April 26, 1920
commencing at 2.45 p.m.,
at "La Hacienda" No. 74 the Peak
A Quantity of
Valuable Household Furniture,
(Full Particulars from Catalogue).
On view from Sunday, the 25th inst.
Terms—Cash on delivery.
LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

on
WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1920,
commencing at 2.30 p.m.
At No. 65 Wyndham Street.
A Quantity of
Valuable Household Furniture,
Comprising—

Teak hatstand, plush covered couch
and armchairs, lady's tent and black
wood desks, teak card table, easy
chairs, marble top console table with
bevelled mirrors, fancy electric lamps,
brass chandelier, Japanese
silk embroidered screens, engravings,
white lace curtains, carpets, etc., etc.

Teak extension dining table and
chairs, teak sideboard with bevelled
mirror, teak dinner wiggon, teak ice
chest, teak bookcase, occasional tables,
brass feeders, dinner services, glass and
electro-plated ware, teak overmantle
with bevelled mirrors, electric fittings
etc., etc.

Double brass bedstead, single and
double teak wardrobes with bevelled
glass doors, teak dressing tables, marble
top washstands, double toilet sets, box
couch, etc., etc.

1 Cottage Piano by John Brinsmead
and Sons
1 Enamelled bath.

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from Messrs. Thomson & Co., to sell by Public Auction

on
TUESDAY, the 18th May, 1920,
at 3 p.m.

at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,
The Steamer "DAGMAR"

the new 1200 ton Steamer, built in the
Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd., Yokohama,
with all her machinery, gear
and appurtenances, etc.

1457 tons deadweight capacity
921 tons net Reg.

1800 tons deadweight capacity on
17 feet mean draft. Speed 10 knots.

The Steamer was salvaged and towed to
Hongkong, where she was dry docked
and patched up.

Inspection orders on application to
the East Asiatic Co., Ltd., Bangkok.

The Steamer to be at purchaser's risk
after fall of hammer, when purchase
money is to be paid.

full particulars apply to
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Welcome
Visitor

at any
time
every
household. Every
Bug, Flea, Beetle,
Moth, Fly, etc., dis-
appear once it has come into
proper contact with

KEATING'S

INTIMATIONS

HOW TO AVOID INFANTILE
AILMENTS.

When there are diseases prevalent in
the season, it is the most dangerous to
infants and so Great Care must be
taken in feeding them with proper
food other wise they would give their
Mothers a lot of trouble. To avoid
the trouble is to feed them with LAC-
TOGEN which resembles human milk.
It is easily digested and promotes
healthy appetite. It keeps the infants
thriving and free from all infantile
ailments.



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**WAR and ARMISTICE
STAMPS.**

Many varieties and values of
NEW EUROPS
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CATALOGUES and ALBUMS
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GRACA & CO.,

No. 10, Wyndham Street,
P.O. Box 630. Hongkong.

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear
**MADE
TO
ORDER**



OBERRY & CO.,
22 DODGE STREET,
Opposite a Hongkong Hotel
Telephone No. 491.
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
**THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3**

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SOLE AGENTS
MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA

The "Three Castles" Virginia Cigarettes



It's the same sweet
"Three Castles"
Virginia Cigarette you
have always smoked,
made in a larger size.
Ask for the
Magnum size

"The larger
Cigarette with
a Pedigree"

This Advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

"SUPERFLUOUS" WOMAN.

A FEW PERSONALITIES.

"Cleopatra" in the N. C. Daily
News writes—Somewhere in a part
of the old Jewish worship, the men
said, "I thank thee Oh God that
thou hast not made me a woman,"
and the women said, "I thank thee
Oh God that thou hast made me as
it pleased thee." Our answer was
the one of grace and courtesy, so let
us take courage.
I do not blame men for not under-
standing women. How can they?
Two organisms so distinct, and yet so
often parallel can perhaps never be
thoroughly understood objectively.
But what I do blame them for is con-
tinuously pretending and in fact really
believing, that they do understand us.
Because of this belief, they project
themselves into our sphere, put
their clumsy shoulders to our wheels,
rose as protecting us, and in some
cases even try to reform us. Un-
daunted by lack of success and in
many cases even unconscious of it,
they hammer away doggedly until
we are driven to desperation. All
this happens because they are
a bit bit-headed when it comes to
the finer things in nature. They do
not possess our (even if much prated
about) intuition. They cannot see
right down to the bare skeleton of
things as we can. They mean well,
however, and will walk in the light
as soon as they find it.

THE WORLD IS MINE.

Now when we can exclaim with
Monte Christo "The world is mine"
(or ours), we are in a position to
show them the illuminated path.
Think of it, two millions of us are
"superfluous" in England alone.
Consider what this means in the
re-establishment of the world's
affairs for the next few generations
at least. It means that we are to
have a say in most things that this
mundane sphere, and I believe it is
not far distant when we can choose
the angle or point of the sphere
from which we shall say it. Plato
says that it is an awful gift of the
gods that we can become used to
things. Men have become used to
the bribing, the stock-jobbing and
the fighting. Of course we shall
never deprive them of these things.
A gentleman once said to me, little
dreaming how naive, his statement
sounded. "Women will never do
in politics because they cannot get
the masculine point of view." He did
not know that for this very reason
they should be in politics. We have
been looking on for a number of
years (I am hideously old) at what
the masculine point of view has
thought clever and progressive; but
we know many places where we
could tinker it up a bit.

THE UNKNOWING CRITIC.

Now for the sake of improving
ourselves, for no other reason in the

world would I air our faults, let us
turn a light—a very small light,
perhaps the gleam from a wax
candle—on our (sorry to write it)
pettiness. I do not flatter myself
that I have any masculine readers,
and if I have, I know there is a
bland, benignant smile on their faces.
You know how we dissect each
other during the first three minutes
of conversation. If our collar is
improper, if the braid does not
match the cloth of our costume, if
a button or a "snap" happens to
be missing, if the lace on our
sleeves is not real—we will know it
at once, and what is very much
worse, we are apt to form judg-
ments from such trifles. If a bit
of racy scandal is mentioned at a
tea, you know how we all point
our ears like the dog who scents
the approach of the hare.

We know that no man who is
worthy of consideration does any of
these things, for he is conveniently
blind and benevolent. What man,
unless he is a dressmaker or one
who should be, ever judges us in
detail? If we are agreeable and do
not talk too much "side," he will
take us on faith. Men have a tend-
erness and sympathy and loyalty that
we lack. They have chivalry that
comes from no polluted source, of
ulterior motive, but springs from
genuine kindness. We have all
received attentions from them, even
if we are as ugly as sin—or virtue.
They have the gift of silence, and
they care for truth in the abstract.

MANNERS MAKE MEN.

I hope that we shall never become
so "advanced," so "new womanish,"
that we will not encourage the gentle
courtesy in men. Let them preach
to us if it amuses them, but above
all things do not preach to them.
Never deliver the thing known as a
"certain lecture." It is the death-
knell to real companionship with a
man.

There have been and still are
professed woman haters in the world,
such men as Alexander Pope for
example, who have been filled by
some woman and consequently
despise the whole sex. But I have
never seen a man hater. I have
often wondered if man had not been
reversed (no, I shall not
reverse it) whether woman, had
she been given an equal independ-
ence, would not have developed
into the professed "man hater" from
some injury to the personal equation.
From necessity woman has had to
grit her teeth and go on with the
hunt when she has been unsuccessful
in bagging the first game. This is
because man has kept her in a sub-
ordinate position. All this has
changed. We are now "superfluous"
and consequently we have m m m
in our own hands.

Let us show man that we are
worthy to be his pal (I dislike that
word helpmate) and confidante, and
that two heads are better than one,
even if one is crowned with the
latest "stunning creation"

OIL FOR MARGARINE.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT'S
REPLY TO FOOD
MINISTRY

Owing to the consumption of
coconut oil in margarine manufacture
in the United Kingdom having in-
creased fivefold since 1914, and in
view of the urgent necessity of secur-
ing adequate supplies at a reasonable
price during the winter, the Ministry
of Food proposed last September, the
temporary prohibition of the export
of copra and coconut oil from India
to all countries outside the British
Empire. It was also sought to restrict
the export of ground nuts.

Inquiry having been made concern-
ing the views of the Government of
India on these matters the Viceroy
telegraphed in October, according to
a White Paper (Cmd. 569) that "in
view of the fact that the United
Kingdom is at present securing a
much larger percentage of our
exports both of coconut oil and copra
than is suggested in the scheme of
the Ministry of Food, we consider
the scheme unnecessary. Such a
scheme is, of course, opposed to
Indian interests and difficult to justify
to this country, but we shall continue
to watch the situation, and you will,
no doubt, advise us if need for recon-
sideration arises. We do not propose
to restrict export of ground nuts in
any way."

OVERCOMING INFLUENZA.

How After-Effects are Disposed.

The most serious difficulty that con-
fronts all who fall victims of influenza is
the problem of ridding their systems of
the after-effects of the disease. Even in
those cases where the attack is light,
the after-effects are obstinate and severe.
Normally bright and cheerful people
become depressed and melancholy, their
hair falls out, food causes distress and
sleep is broken and unrefreshing. They
develop nervous, and sudden noises
startle them.

The blood is the body's most de-
pendable weapon in the fight against disease,
and when the enemy is as violent as
influenza the blood generally becomes
spent and impure.
No time should be lost in strength-
ening the system and at this time a reliable
blood-builder, such as Dr. Williams' pink
pills is the best remedy for regaining
health. Dr. Williams' pink pills contain
the necessary elements that go towards
increasing and enriching the blood
supply, and while they are doing this
they also purify the blood, and tone up
the tone of the system. At the same time
they strengthen the stomach, and make
digestion easy.
If you are suffering from the after-
effects of influenza, or are in weak health
owing to any other cause, traceable to
impure watery blood, or disordered
nerves, NO-7 is the thing to take. Dr.
Williams' pink pills for the people.
They are obtainable from druggists
everywhere, or post free, one bottle for
\$1.50, six for \$8.00, from Dr. Williams'
Medicine Co., 90 Beachum Road, Shang-
hai.

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HEALTH against SICKNESS.

By taking our "ROOSTER BRAND" MAGARINE, PASTE STARS,
EGG-NOODLES, VERMICELLI, or other kinds of Soup Sticks REGULARLY
you will have no complaint of any kind of sickness, as all our Products being
manufactured from Flour of the Best Quality and under the most Sanitary
Method can be easily digested and give you GOOD HEALTH & STRENGTH.
Large quantities have been exported to various parts of the World.
Your ordered Orders will receive our prompt and careful attention.
Terms moderate, especially for Agents.



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Stationers, Printers & Bookbinders.
60, Des Voeux Road, CENTRAL.

HOTELS AND CAFES.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

OPERATING:—

THE HONGKONG HOTEL,

HOTEL MANSIONS,

THE REPULSE BAY HOTEL,

J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.

THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea-Level.
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.
Under the Management of—
Mrs. BLAIR.

KING EDWARD HOTEL

CENTRAL LOCATION

ALL ELECTRIC TRAMS Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting
A European Bath and Sanitary Fittings, Hot and Cold Water System
throughout. Best of Food and Service.
Telephone 373. Telegraphic Address—"VICTORIA".
J. WITCHELL, Manager.

PALACE HOTEL

(Two minutes from Star Ferry)

Recently renovated and furnished, electric light and fans throughout
and centrally under new management. Cuisine under the personal supervision
of the proprietor, Bar and Billiard Rooms. Terms moderate. Special terms to
families on application to J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietor.
Telephone K. 5. Telegraphic Address—"PALACE".

CARLTON HOTEL.

(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN HONGKONG.)

ION HOUSE STREET.

Under American Management. Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes
walk from the Banks and Central District. 42 Bedrooms, Excellent Cuisine,
scrupulously clean. Moderate Terms. Monthly and Family Rates on
application to the Proprietors. Launches meet Passenger Boats.
Telegraphic Address—"CARLTON".
Mrs. F. E. CAMERON.

BLUE
BIRD

ICE CREAM
PARLOUR
AND CONFECTIONERS



CHOCOLATES
This Swiss Family Chocolate
Home-Made American Chocolate
Hamburg, Berlin, and London
Calcutta, India, and Ceylon
America, Canada, and
Australia
Special Cocoa—40 cts per lb.
Pure—20 cts per lb.
Cocoa Butter—50 cts per lb.

TANG YUK, DENTIST.

Successor to
the late SIET TING.
14, DUNDAS STREET.
TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation free.

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON

15, Morrison Hill Road.



Hughes & Hough

Auctioneers to the Government
General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General
Produce Brokers and
Commission Agents.

PROPRIETORS
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Cable and
Bentley's
A. S. G. 4th & 5th Editions.
A. 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address
"MILKMAN" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on
FRIDAY,
April 23, 1920, commencing at 2.30 p.m.
at their Sales Rooms,
No. 8 Des Vaux Road, Corner
of Ice House Street.

Valuable Chinese Porcelains,
Curtains,
etc., etc.

Including a large variety of 3-coloured
and 3-coloured Vases, Wall Plates, Table
Screens, Blue and White Vases, and
Incense Burners, Old Bronze and Brass
Figures, Vases, &c., Kakemonos, Lac-
quered Ware, Ivory, Agate and Crystal
Ornaments.

The above stock recently arrived from
the North and includes pieces from the
Ming, Kanghi, Kienlung and Chowkung
Periods.

The bulk of which will be sold with-
out reserve.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

On view day of sale.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 15, 1920.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on
SATURDAY,

April 24, 1920, at 11 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

4 Barrels Paint,
200 Cotton Quilts,
200 dozens Rose Toilet Soap,
50 cases Transvaal Laundry Soap,
55 " Lanterns,
7 " Pickles,
4 " Herrings,
4 " Elastic Boot Web,
300 dozens Valet Toilet Soap,
35 " Turkish Toilet Soap,
45 " Parma Violet Toilet Soap,
50 " English Rose " "
9 cases Carbolic Soap,
10 " Anchor Laundry Soap.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 21, 1920.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on
MONDAY,

the 26th April, 1920, at 2.30 p.m.,
at (Top Floor) No. 2 Canton Villas,
Kimberley Road, Kowloon.

Valuable Household Furniture,
etc., etc.

therein contained,
(Full Particulars from Catalogue),
including:—

Piano by Moutrie (in good condition),
Blackwood Cabinet,
and
Hand Sewing Machine.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 18, 1920.

(For Account of the Concerned),

on
TUESDAY,

April 27, 1920, commencing at 2.30
p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A Small Consignment of
WHITE GOODS, etc., etc.,
Comprising:—

Pillow Cases, White Satin Quilts,
Turkish Towels, Bath Towels, Bath
Sheets, Double Bed Sheets, Battenberg
and Drawnwork Bedspreads, Table
Covers, Crochet and Drawn work
Dolies, Table Cloths, Linen Damask
Serviettes.

Also
A few lots of Bellow Valises, Kit
Bags, Suit Cases, and Attache Cases,
and
Two Pairs Prismatic Binoculars.
(All new goods and in small lots.)

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 21, 1920.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on
MONDAY,
the 26th April, 1920, at 5.30 p.m.,
at Ah King's Slipway,
The Yacht
"ERIN"
as she now lies.

Further particulars may be obtained
from the undersigned.

On view from to-day.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 19, 1920.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from His Lordship
the Bishop of Victoria, to sell by
Public Auction,

on
FRIDAY,

the 30th April, 1920, at 2.30 p.m., at
his residence St. Paul's College.

Sundry
Valuable Household Furniture,
etc., etc.

therein contained,
consisting of:—

Hallstand, Teakwood Roll-top Desk,
Writing Tables, Chestfield Sofas and
Arm-chairs, Large Glass-fronted Book-
cases, Teakwood Sideboard, and Dining
Chairs, Extension Dining Table, Carpets
and Rugs, Sundry Glassware, Crockery
and Pictures.

English made Twin Beds, Teakwood
Bedroom Suite, Wardrobe, Washstand
and Dressing Table, Toilet Crockery,
etc., etc.

And
(One Victor Gramophone.
On view from morning of sale.
Catalogues will be issued.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 21, 1920.

TAIYO & CO.
(JAPANESE)
BOOTS AND SHOES
MADE TO ORDER.
No. 24, WING LUN ST.

THE VERY
INSTANT THE
FLUID FROM A
FYREFYTER
EXTINGUISHER

Reaches fire, a small cloud of
very Powerful Gas is produced.

Fire and this Gas
cannot live together

AT THE SAME TIME THIS
LIQUID WILL NOT DAMAGE
THE FINEST FABRIC

See Our Windows.

ALEX. ROSS & CO.,
23, Des Vaux Road Central.
Tel. 2487.

GARAGE, KOWLOON,
Tel. 417.

Just arrived
a large assortment of
FILTERS

1 1/2 Gallons up to 4 gallons

C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.
Nos. 30 & 31 Des Vaux Road Central.
Established 1900

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

25 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS. 41. PREPAID.

Each additional word 2 Cents for 3 insertions.

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**WANTED.—SHORTHAND-
TYPIST.** thoroughly com-
petent, required. Apply Accountant's
Office; Shewan, Tomes & Co.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED. must
be thoroughly trained and efficient.
Apply after 5 p.m. NORMAN TRADING
COMPANY LTD., Hotel Mansions, Present.

WANTED.—TO RENT Small Go-
down on or near waterfront.
Immediate possession. Apply Box 1183
c/o "China Mail."

WANTED.—To Purchase a setter
or Pointer PUP (dog) apply
1183 c/o "China Mail."

TO LET.

TO LET.—A SHOP in Nathan Road,
Kowloon.
Apply to Humphreys Estate & Finance
Co. Ltd., Alexandra Buildings

TO LET.—Furnished Rooms, in
Kowloon; Apply to P.O. Box 221.

TO LET.—A FURNISHED HOUSE.
—Six Rooms and Tennis Court
—on May Road for Six months from
1st July. Apply to The Hongkong
Land Investment and Agency Co.,
Ltd.

WANTED:

WANTED.—A stenographer typist
for engineering firm. Good
prospects. State previous experience
and salary required.—Box 1190.
c/o "China Mail."

EMPIRE EMIGRATION.

GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS.

Emigration from this country to
other parts of the British Empire,
which was stopped altogether during
the war, (says *The Daily Telegraph*)
has since been greatly hampered
by lack of shipping, but a large
movement towards settlement in the
Dominions is expected this year, and
a report just issued by the Overseas
Settlement Committee, appointed by
the Government, with Viscount Milner
(Colonial Secretary) as its president,
and Mr. L. S. Amery (Parliamentary
Under-Secretary for the Colonies) as
vice-president, affords valuable in-
formation as to the needs of the
situation and the steps which have
already been taken to meet them.
Between 1904 and 1914 the average
number of persons who left this
country each year with a view to
settlement overseas was 250,000, and
in one year (1912) the number was
about 400,000. The quality and
distribution of British settlers is
obviously a matter of grave import,
and, as Lord Milner has repeatedly
pointed out, the problem must be
regarded from the standpoint of the
unity of Empire, and is not a matter
in which conflict of interests should
arise between the Dominions and the
Mother Country.

The chief demand of the Domi-
nions, according to the report, is at
present for men to settle on the land
and for women to undertake domestic
work. The committee are of opinion
that a constant flow of overseas settle-
ment is desirable, if "not in excess
of what the industries of the United
Kingdom can afford to spare or in
excess of what the Dominions can
conveniently absorb." They do not
recommend that his Majesty's Gov-
ernment should encourage any
general movement of population
with a view to settlement overseas,
but they assert that a migration of
women and juveniles, especially girls,
should be encouraged. They have
no doubt that there must always be
a considerable outward movement of
the population, and they think it
essential that it should be adequate-
ly supervised, and generally speaking
encouraged to proceed to destinations
within the Empire rather than to for-
eign countries.

WOMEN SETTLERS.

There is at present a considerable
excess of women in the Mother coun-
try. Provisional figures from the
War Office show that some 500,000
males, mostly between the ages of 20
and 29, were killed or died through
the effects of the war and the surplus
of women as at Dec. 31, 1919 was
estimated at over 1,250,000. In view
of these facts, the committee are of
opinion that the settlement overseas
of suitable women should be encour-
aged. In order to ascertain the ex-
tent of vacancies for women in the
Dominions they have sent out women
delegates to Canada, Australia
and New Zealand. The reports
from Australia and New Zealand
are expected this
spring. The report from Canada,
already laid before the House of
Commons, shows that the chief open-
ings for women in that country are
for domestic work. A new organiza-
tion, the Society for the Overseas
Settlement of British Women, has
therefore been established under the
auspices of the committee, and is
composed of the three old-established
women's emigration societies and the
women's war services, reinforced by
representatives of organized labour
and the chief women's organisations
throughout the country. Free
passages are being extended to ex-
Service women and to the widows
and dependents of ex-Service men
who are accepted as suitable settlers.
The committee are also desirous of
setting up small hostels under Gov-
ernment control in London and
Liverpool.

With regard to the settlement of
men, the vacancies overseas are
mainly for land work. Free passages
are being granted to suitable ex-
Service men. Provision is also made
for allowances in a limited number of

cases to enable such persons to take
up courses of training in agriculture
either at home or overseas. There
are also occasional industrial open-
ings for men and women in the
Dominions, and the committee are
co-operating with the Canadian
Government with a view to ascertain-
ing and circulating the knowledge of
such openings at home. Those for
whom industrial openings are not
available will be discouraged from
leaving the country. Obviously no
action should be taken to fill in-
dustrial vacancies overseas save at
the request of the Government of the
Dominion concerned and with the
concurrence of our Government at
home.

BONUS SYSTEM CONDEMNED.

English settlers are less welcome
in the Dominions than might be
expected owing to encouragement
given at home to unsuitable settlers
to leave the country. The action of
certain voluntary societies, who have
in the past encouraged settlement
overseas too much with the idea of
relieving distress and misery at home,
is cited as one cause for the trans-
ference of unsuitable types to the
Dominions. Special stress also is
laid upon the bonus system, by
which encouragement to recruit
settlers and induce them to buy
tickets to overseas destinations is left
in the hands of private agents.
This system, which is severely
criticised in the report of the women
delegates to Canada, has failed to
supply settlers of the type desired
overseas, is indefensible and should
be abandoned.

Cases are specified of harmful
publicity, especially in connection
with schemes for settlement upon
irrigable land in South Africa, by
which ex-Service officers and settlers
generally are being induced to risk
their capital in dangerous adventures
overseas. Statements in the Cape
Parliament are to the effect that
numerous unadulterated swindles
have been on the market in the United
Kingdom, and that scores of men of
the very best class, such as retired
officers with families, possessing
£2,000 or £3,000, have been brought
out to South Africa only to be let
down. The consequences of such
action are authoritatively stated to
be "disastrous to the Union."

The committee urge that the en-
actment of overseas settlement legis-
lation is now a matter of urgency,
and that closer attention should be
given by the Government to the
whole problem. They recommend:

1. An early conference on overseas
settlement between those Ministers
of his Majesty's Government and of
the Governments of the self-govern-
ing Dominions specially responsible
for such matters.
2. An annual expenditure not ex-
ceeding £100,000 in 1920-21 with a
view to securing adequate supervision
in this country, and adequate co-
operation with the overseas Govern-
ments; this expenditure to be ad-
ditional to the £1,000,000 likely to
be required in 1920-21 in connection
with the free passage scheme.
3. The immediate enactment of
legislation to supervise and control
passage brokers and agents, to
safeguard the interests of all settlers
(particularly, at the present moment,
ex-Service men and women); and to
control propaganda and advertise-
ments connected with overseas settle-
ment within the Empire or emigra-
tion to foreign countries.

A grant of £250,000, which may
be increased to £500,000, has been
made to the Committee by the
National Relief Fund. This grant is
to be used for the benefit of persons
who may have suffered as a result of
the war, and who would be more
usefully helped by assistance in settle-
ment overseas than in any other way.

A PARENT'S DUTY.

YOUR boy is always getting scratched
— or cut, or bruised. Because
these wounds have healed all right in
shortly always will. Get a bottle of
Chamberlain's Pain Balm and see that
every injury is cared for immediately.
You can get nothing better, and avoid
pain and inconvenience—a disease to risk
for sale by all Chemists and Store-
keepers.

INTIMATIONS.

KOWLOON BOWLING GREEN
CLUB.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEET-
ING will be held in the Club
House, on FRIDAY, 23rd inst., at
5.45 p.m.

Business.

1. To Receive Committee's Report and
Statement of accounts for year
ended December 31, 1919.
2. To Elect Office Bearers for ensuing
year.
3. To Discuss Club business generally.

D. GOW,
Acting Hon. Secretary.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

(BARTON SERVICE).

The public is notified that the full
train service will be resumed on Thurs-
day April 22nd.

By Order—

J. P. WINSLOW,
Manager.

Kowloon,
April 21st, 1920.

NOTICE.

ON and after the Twenty-Second
day of April, 1920, all receipts
for money received on account of the
KING EDWARD HOTEL, shall bear
the impress of the Hotel Chop, which
is circular in design bearing the
words: KING EDWARD HOTEL,
both in English and Chinese. Receipts
without this stamp chop, will not be
recognised by the Hotel authorities.

J. WITCHELL,
Manager.

HONGKONG DOG AND POULTRY
SHOW 1920.

The FIFTH SHOW will be held by
(Kind permission of the Stewards of
the Hongkong Jockey Club) within
the enclosure at the Happy Valley on
Saturday 1st May 1920.

Judging commences at 3 p.m.
Lady Stubbs has kindly consented
to distribute the prizes at 4.30 p.m.
Entries close—24th inst. at 7 p.m.
Entry forms for Dogs—Cats—
Poultry and Pigeons may be had from
the undersigned.

Entrance fee for Dogs \$2.00, Cats
\$1.00, Poultry 30 cents each bird
and Pigeons 30 cents per pen.

Entrance fee should accompany
form when sent in.

First and second prizes will be
given in all classes and third prizes
where there are sufficient entries, in
place of certificates as in former
years.

B. L. FROST,
Hon. Sec.

c/o E. Ex. Telegraph Co.
Connaught Road Central.

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

SPECIAL ATTRACTION

AMERICAN CABARET DANCERS
will appear

on

SATURDAY, 24th April, 1920.

during

TEA DANCING

and **DINNER DANCE.**

The following Dances will be
presented:—

1. "A Pretty Girl is like a Melody"
2. "Cocaine" to a "Rose Room"
3. "Ball Room" Fox Trot
4. "Taxi" will be played by a Jazz
"Trap Drummer"

NOTE

Owing to limited accommodation,
table bookings should be made early
either at the Hongkong Hotel Office.
(Telephone No. 32) or direct to
Repulse Bay Hotel.
(Telephone No. 881.)

STEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE.

OUTLINE SPECIFICATION.

Length over all 55 feet
Breadth extreme 11' 1 inch
Depth of Hold 5' 8"
Gross Tonnage 23.01
Net Tonnage 10.27
Cylinders 6" & 13"
Stroke 9"
Boiler of Steel Round Hor-
izontal Multitubular.
Diameter of Boiler 4' 6"
Length of Boiler 5' 2"
Working Pressure 125 lbs.

For further Particulars
Apply—

GORDON & COY.,
St. George's Buildings.

MUMEYA

Japanese Photographers.
All kinds of Photographs Work done
in latest styles also Passport Photos.
Developing and Printing for
Amateurs a Speciality.
No. 24, Queen's Road Central.
Tel. 254.

NOTICES.

THE MOTOR UNION INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED
AND
THE UNITED BRITISH INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

FIRE, MARINE, LIFE and MOTOR ACCIDENT.

For Rates and Particulars apply to the General Agents
UNION TRADING CO., Prince's Building.

THE HOTEL ASIA

WEST BUND, CANTON.

The highest building in Canton affording a
panoramic bird's eye view of the whole
city and suburbs.

Large and airy rooms. Elevators, Electric Lights and Fans installed.
Hot and cold water service fitted, Excellent Cuisine, Bar and Billiard
room, Roof Garden, Cinematograph Theatre and every modern
convenience provided.

Special monthly and family rates can be
arranged on application to

THE SUN CO., LTD.,
Proprietors.

LONG HING & CO., PHOTO SUPPLIES,
Kodaks and Kodak Films, etc., etc.
DEVELOPING & PRINTING A SPECIALITY.
No. 17A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

NEW YORK'S LEADING HOTELS

JOHN MEE BOWMAN PRESIDENT

COMMODORE	MANHATTAN	BILTMORE
MURRAY HILL	BELMONT	ANSONIA

This group represents
first-class hotels,
all of which are
centrally located.

MOTOR THE REPUBLIC MOTOR BOAT FOR HIRE

Head Office: Praya East Station at Blakes Pier

Passengers conveyed to and from steamers or across the harbour. Our
reliable craft are eminently suited for PICNIC PARTIES, roving
economical.

Forget the last ferry. We take you to them for \$1.00—satisfac-
tory reduced fare.

General Terms: \$2.00 per hour or part thereof, or \$1.00 per trip
exceeding 15 minutes.

Our runners will meet you on the WESTERN SIDE of Blake Pier. For
long trips and hire by the day apply to the Superintendent there.

MOK LIN, Managing Director.

TRIALS SOLICITED BY JAMES STEER

THE CHRONOMETER AND WATCH MAKER
(Contractor to H.M. Naval Yard).
9, Ice House Street, Hongkong.

These Cigarettes are made of selected Mild
leaf tobacco and quite harmless to those
who are accustomed to inhale.

NANYANG BROTHERS TOBACCO CO

165, Des Vaux Road, Hongkong.



六 德 香 烟 勿 誤 認 凡 天 華 牌
十 中 牌 菸 葉 菸 葉 菸 葉 菸 葉
五 德 香 烟 勿 誤 認 凡 天 華 牌
號 百

HONGKONG.
TEL. 616.

THE fame of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is world wide. It is good for the deep seated cough, of the adult or the young and whooping cough of the children. The same bottle serves the whole family. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

WATCHMAN'S CURIOUS STORY.

JOB FOR SHERLOCK HOLMES

At the Magistracy this morning, before Mr. R. O. Hutchison, Sgt. Ogg of the Yaumati Police Station, charged a Chinese, a watchman employed by the Fook Shun Hin Copper Smiths' firm, of No. 215 Temple Street, Yaumati, with neglect of duty. The defendant admitted the offence. Asked to relate the facts of the case, the Sergeant said that at 11.15 p.m., on the 20th inst., the defendant, who was blessing from the forehead, came to the Yaumati Police Station, and reported that an armed robbery had taken place at the shop. His story was that whilst he was asleep, he heard the crash of a window pane being smashed. Before he could get out of bed, four men, one armed with a dagger, entered the room in which he was, and threatened him with death if he showed any fight. He struggled with them, and in the course of the fight, he was stabbed in the forehead. The men then stole \$46 worth of copper, and departed. The Sergeant said he washed the blood off the defendant's face, and instead of finding a stab wound, as he had expected, he found about thirty little scratches on the defendant's forehead. From what he (the Sergeant) afterwards discovered about the case, he was convinced that the scratches were self-inflicted. When he was further examined, the defendant said he left his post at 4 p.m., after locking up the place, and did not return until 6 p.m., when he found all locked as he had left it.

Proceeding, the Sergeant said he made some enquiries on the following morning, and the caretaker of the house next door told him that he had not heard the crash of breaking glass during the night, neither did he know of any armed robbery having taken place in the Copper Smiths' shop. What he did know was that after the defendant left his post at 4 p.m., he found the door of the shop was open, and when the defendant returned, he spoke to him about it, but the defendant did not seem pleased about it. When the defendant was questioned about this, he stoutly denied that he had ever spoken to the man next door, and persisted in his story of the armed robbery.

His Worship decided to give the defendant another chance to plead, as it was possible he did not realize the seriousness of the charge.

After the charge had been re-read and explained to the defendant, he again pleaded "Guilty."

Sergeant Ogg said that if his Worship was going to convict, he would ask for a heavy penalty, in view of the fact that the defendant had given the Police a lot of trouble in following up a robbery which he was convinced never took place. There was a lot of these things going on, and he thought it was high time it was stopped. In some cases it could be proved that an alleged armed robbery was a fake, but in others their time was wasted. In this case, he had no doubt that the alleged armed robbery was a fake, and that the defendant had himself stolen the copper, but, of course, there was no proof.

His Worship suggested that the theft might have taken place during the defendant's absence.

The Sergeant said that was not possible, and the defendant had himself stated that he found everything as he had left them when he returned at 6 p.m. As an example of the falseness of the defendant's story of the alleged robbery, he would like to tell his Worship that in the room from which the copper was stolen, there was a large European trunk covered with dust, and which had not been touched. He asked the defendant if the robbers had opened the trunk, and the defendant said "No, there is nothing in it." He (the Sergeant) submitted that the robbers would not have known that the trunk was empty without opening it.

His Worship said he would like to hear evidence before convicting.

Sergeant Ogg then went into the witness box and gave evidence corroborating his opening statement. He further stated that instead of finding the glass scattered about the floor as would have been expected, it was all picked up and neatly placed in a basket by the side of the window. The defendant pointed out a door to him, which he alleged had been burst open by the robbers. As the result of his examination of the door, he (the Sergeant) was convinced that the door must have been broken open from the inside and not from the outside as the defendant alleged. Another thing which confirmed his suspicion that the robbery was a fake one, was that it should have taken the defendant all the time while the robbers smashed the window pane and broke the door, to get out of bed!

With regard to the Sergeant's contention as to the trunk, his Worship suggested that the robbery might have been committed by people who were connected with the shop, in which case, they would have known that the trunk was empty.

The Sergeant said that was possible, but that argument would not shake his belief that no robbery had taken place, because, if robbers had, in fact, entered the premises, they would not have taken away only \$46 worth of copper, especially in

THE STRIKE RABBIT.

WILL SHANGHAI BE AFFECTED?

Coming on top of labour troubles in Yokohama and Hongkong, the strike of the Chinese students is exercising opinion to a considerable extent locally. Remembering what happened a year ago, employers of labour in Shanghai, more especially perhaps labour connected with shipping, are not at all certain that the event can take place without some local derangement, even although the students have specifically stated that no interference with foreign business will occur. Nobody doubts the genuineness of this desire, but in some quarters there is an inclination to fear that the general situation may get beyond their control.

What coolies obtained a substantial rise a year ago, when the rush of summer trade took place, and wages have come down little if at all. But rents have soared in proportion to wages, and making the usual cost of living, and making the usual vicious circle. At the moment, it is true, the labourers are not in a position to complain, but there is just a fear that the strike of the students even if it does not affect them in other ways, may induce a feeling of unrest. For within the past year an additional factor has had to be considered in local labour matters. Some of the returned coolies have brought back with them a few of the extreme ideas of Labour in Europe, and the cases of Yokohama and Hongkong might react here now, whereas in the past their influence would have been very small.

So far as labour in connection with shipping is concerned, the most important factor will probably be the amount of cargo to be handled. At present the strike of the Yokohama longshoremen is holding up shipping there, with a consequent effect on cargoes in Shanghai. Up to the time of writing the Hongkong strike has not affected the harbour there, but its tendency to spread has been noted, and there is the fear that it may at any time do so. If so it would mean a still quieter spell in Shanghai, and would probably go far in counteracting the unsettling effect of the students' movement, as during a slack spell the coolies would probably be too busy looking for employment to take up time with any agitation.—N. C. Daily News.

THE BIG DANCE.

Does the announcement that St. George's Society is holding its annual celebration this year on a comparatively small scale—as shown by the fact that it is taking place in the After House—mean that the great balls to which we have been accustomed are doomed? There is more than a suspicion that they are, and except for a few sentimental regrets, no one will be really sorry. Gone are the days when the "season" opened with the Caledonian Ball, and progressed sedately through the winter months with three or four national gatherings, a series of dances arranged by various clubs and a few private affairs. For now the "season" never ends. People go on dancing no matter what the temperature may be, and the old catholicity in partners, entailing a heart-breaking search for people in an almost hopeless maze, has given place to a most exclusive style of things, to the formation of the smallest possible groups, intruders into which receive a frigid reception. And there are better floors than the Town Hall, so that more and more the great, almost conventional assembly, will disappear, and the smaller, more intimate function take its place.

view of the fact that there were other metals of greater value in the room from which the copper was removed. Another point which he thought would be worth mentioning, was that when he examined the back door, through which he was told the robbers got away, he discovered a pool of water just outside the door, and upon examining the patch of dry ground immediately beyond this pool of water, he found only one solitary foot print. Surely, if four men have got through that door, there would have been more than one footprint on the ground.

Asked if he had anything to say, the defendant said he left his post at 4 p.m., and went to have his meal. He returned at 6 o'clock, and found nothing amiss. Opening the back door, he took a basin of water outside and washed his feet, after which, he relocked the back door and went upstairs to sleep. While he was lying awake in bed, he heard a crash, as if a window pane had been smashed, but thinking it was next door, he took no notice. Then he heard the door being smashed, and before he could get out of bed, four men, one armed with a dagger burst into the room in which he was. In the struggle which followed between himself and the robbers, he was stabbed in the forehead. The robbers took away with them \$46 worth of copper. He went to the Police Station and reported the robbery immediately after the robbers left.

After other witnesses had been heard, his Worship reserved his decision until to-morrow morning.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

One case of smallpox. One case of C. S. fever.

The result of the Borey Pool Competition played at Fanling 17th-19th April was a win by Mr. G. H. Wilson, 2 down, 22 cards were taken out.

A Chinese was this morning charged before Mr. N. L. Smith, at the Magistracy, with the theft, on board a ship, of a pair of shoes. Three weeks' hard labour.

Government sanction has been granted to Mr. Ricou's aerial company to establish a service between Hongkong and Macao, on the condition that flying is not done over fortifications.

The ss. "Muttra," Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., agents, leaves to-morrow for Shanghai at noon. Her passengers include Mr. E. M. Joseph, Mr. E. Joseph, Mrs. J. Shealy, Mr. F. Scarborough, Mrs. C. M. G. Burns, Mr. C. E. Hinchinson, Mr. R. C. Davies, Mr. H. Barlow and Major W. H. Drummond.

Having been despatched on or about March 22, the decisions of the Secretary of State on the recommendations made by the Civil Service Commission for an increase in the salaries of Government servants, should, in the words used by the Colonial Secretary to a representative of the China Mail, this morning, "reach here any day now."

A Chinese who was found on the verandah of a house in Poon Street, was this morning charged before Mr. N. L. Smith with being a rogue and a vagabond, and with being in the house for an unlawful purpose. He told the Magistrate that he did not go to the house to steal, but to give someone there a sound thrashing. This man, he said, had assaulted him some six months ago, and he had been looking for him ever since, until yesterday, when he discovered where he lived and went to get him. He did not know his assailant's name, but he had informed the Chief Chinese Detective about the matter at the time he was assaulted. Theft was not the motive which brought him to the house. Three weeks' hard labour.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

The ss. "Ixion," (Captain James Inkster), 6,520 tons, arrived yesterday at 7 a.m. from Kobe with 4,109 tons of general cargo.

The ss. "Yangtze," (Capt. W. H. Hindley), 4,149 tons, arrived yesterday at 11 a.m. from Keelung with 576 tons of general cargo.

The ss. "Muttra," (Capt. S. A. Morgan), 2,985 tons, arrived yesterday at 6 p.m. from Singapore with 1,705 tons of general cargo.

The ss. "Chongva," (Capt. W. Michailoff), 558 tons, arrived yesterday at 7.45 p.m. from Haiphong with 1,200 tons of general cargo.

The ss. "Amakusa Maru," (Capt. S. Kobayashi), 2,356 tons, arrived yesterday at 9.55 a.m. from Swatow with 103 tons of general cargo and 950 tons of coal.

DEPARTURES.

The ss. "Tijalah," Capt. La Rooy, sailed for Yokohama at 5 p.m. to-day with 1,000 tons of timber.

The ss. "Sunning," Capt. Benson, sailed for Shanghai at 12 noon to-day with 1,500 tons of general cargo.

The ss. "Hwah Kun," (Capt. Hollingshead), sailed for Saigon at 7 a.m. to-day with 500 tons of general cargo.

The ss. "West Niger," Capt. Swan, sailed for San Francisco via Shanghai at 12 noon to-day with 4,700 tons of general cargo.

The ss. "Rooksang," Capt. Mitchell, sailed for Calcutta via Singapore at 3 p.m. to-day with 1,250 tons of general cargo.

The ss. "Winyah," (Capt. Peterson), sailed for New York via Manila and Ports at 8 a.m. to-day with 4,400 tons of general cargo.

The ss. "Soehn Maru," (Capt. Hamada), sailed for Takao via Amoy and Swatow at 10 a.m. to-day with 570 tons of general cargo.

"WALLA WALLA" LAUNCHES. Phone No. 3516.

PARCELS POST IN ARGENTINE.

To the foreign trade bulletin issued by the American Express Company for February, we are indebted for hints in connection with mailing books and catalogues to Argentina. The bulletin, referring to parcels post difficulties and internal regulations, says—

So many complaints have been received at our Buenos Aires office regarding the custom of sending catalogues and similar articles to Argentina by parcels post that it seems well to point out the disadvantages to the Argentine recipient of this method of delivery.

In theory, the postal officials open a package sent by parcels post to see if it contains anything dutiable, and if so, collect the duty on delivery. Actually, however, the addressee must call in person to see his package opened, or employ a customs broker to be present, pay pesos 2.69 Argentine paper for official stamps and postal fees, even if the parcel contains nothing dutiable, and, of course, pay duties on dutiable items. This usually consumes at least two hours' time as well.

A further delay is caused if the package contains any article subject to internal taxation. Then a schedule must be made out, which the addressee must take to the proper office, call there again next day for the stamps to be affixed to the articles, take them to the post office, have them affixed, and submit them to a final inspection.

To avoid causing the Argentine prospect this inconvenience and expense, catalogues and similar articles should usually be sent by book post. In the case of valuable photographs, prints, etc., intended for a limited number of prospects only, it may be found more profitable in the long run to send them as letter post.

SOAPBOX LECTURES VERBOTEN.

A Chinese medicine seller was this morning charged before Mr. N. L. Smith with obstructing in the central district, by causing a crowd to gather, in trying to sell his drugs. The defendant went through a lot of antics which soon caused a crowd of delighted spectators to gather around him. He gave the crowd some demonstrations of his drugs, by operating on a small boy who complained of a stomach ache. The defendant gave this boy a licitly coated pill to swallow. A second or two after the boy had swallowed the pill, he spat some blood, and then announced to the crowd that his stomach ache had completely disappeared. Of course, said the Police, the small boy was an accomplice of the defendant who was an old humbug. More people began to gather, and standing on a box, the defendant gave them a long lecture, illustrated by frantic movements of arms and legs, on how to get rid of all external as well as internal ailments, by using one of his "never fail, cure all" mixtures. A constable interrupted just when the crowd was most interested, and removed the story teller to the Police station.

His Worship imposed a fine of \$3.

A DANGEROUS VISITOR.

At the Magistracy, before Mr. N. L. Smith, this morning, a Chinese girl was charged with the theft of a counterpane and a box of drawing instruments from the first floor of No. 1, Hollywood Road. Things have been missing from the house from time to time, and suspicion had been more than once fallen on her, but as there was no proof, nothing could be done. The defendant stated that she was leaving, she was searched by a female inmate of the house, and the box of drawing tools was found on her person. Further search revealed a pawn ticket relating to the counterpane, which had been missing for some time.

The defendant said she regarded the drawing instruments that she took a fancy to them, and took them away to play with.

Asked as to the counterpane, she said it was sold to her by one of the female inmates of the house.

Replying to his Worship, she said she lived with her elder sister in a house in Square Street.

The Police said that it was not their fault that they had been unable to find the defendant's sister before, because at the time of her arrest, the defendant gave them another address, and enquiries made there revealed the fact that she was not known.

His Worship said it would be a great pity to send such a small girl to jail, especially as the Police have now got her sister's right address, and are able to find her. He would remand the case, and in the meantime the Police are to find the defendant's sister, and get her to attend Court.

Two new Launches are being built for the "WALLA WALLA" Co. Phone No. 2516.

GLEN LINE MOTOR SHIP IN PORT.

Another big motor ship, of later design than the "Siam," of the East Asiatic Company of Copenhagen, Messrs. Thoresen & Company, Agents, of which an account appeared in the columns of the China Mail recently, is in port. This vessel, the "Glenluce," is one of seven already turned out for the Glen Line by Messrs. Harland & Wolff, Ltd. By the way, in speaking of a motorship, it would appear proper to say, the m.s. "Glenluce," instead of s.s. "Glenluce".

The "Glenluce" is a twin screw vessel, equipped with two four-cylinder, six-cylinder engines of the S. and W. type, each engine developing 1800 h.p. at 120 r.p.m. This corresponds to a total power of 2,900 h.p. The stroke of the cylinders is 39.3/8 inches, and the bore 26.3/8 inches. All auxiliaries such as cargo winches, steering machinery, and engine-rooms auxiliary pumps, are driven by electric motors. The electric power is supplied by four-cylinder, high speed Diesel engines. In the same compartment with the main engines, in order to start the main engines, two 3-stage air compressors are installed above, to supply the injection of oil fuel and to start the engines until "they spark," and can operate for themselves on gas thrown off by the injected crude oil.

The "Glenluce" class, of which, it is understood, there are six others already in the water, have a deadweight carrying capacity of 10,500 tons, and their sea speed is 11 knots per hour. The length of these vessels is 406 feet between perpendiculars, with a beam of 54.2, and their gross register is 6,800 tons.

It is understood that a still heavier class of construction will be put into service by the Glen Line four 13,000 tons deadweight carrying vessels having been ordered from Messrs. Harland & Wolff, Ltd., all of which will be launched before the end of this year. The speed expected from these latest vessels is 14 knots per hour, they being designed to carry higher powered engines than the "Glenluce" class. Their engine power will be equal to 5,400 h.p., and the engines will be the highest powered of their type yet constructed, the cylinders to be 750 m.m. in diameter, with a stroke of 1,100 m.m. The fuel oil consumption will be about 20 tons per 24 hours steaming (or rather, motoring).

Hongkong will undoubtedly be visited by many of these new smoke-stack-less steamers (or rather, motorers), as other companies than the East Asiatic of Copenhagen and the Glen Line are going in for them. The China Mail is indebted to Lloyd's Weekly Summary for the data given above.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. CECIL HUMPHREYS in our firm ceased on December 31st 1919. W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO.

TO LET.

TO LET—FURNISHED—West Bungalow, 84, The Peak, from about 1st of May. Apply to Box 1191 or "CHINA MAIL."

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

THE COMMITTEE have amended the Settlement Days as follows for the year 1920:

THURSDAY, 29th April
FRIDAY, 28th May
FRIDAY, 25th June
THURSDAY, 19th July
MONDAY, 30th August
FRIDAY, 24th September
FRIDAY, 29th October
MONDAY, 29th November
THURSDAY, 23rd December

By Order of the Committee, W. LOGAN, Secretary.

Hongkong Stock Exchange, Hongkong, April 1, 1920.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instruction to sell by Public Auction, on

SATURDAY, April 24, 1920, commencing at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, 6 Duddell Street (A Large Quantity of assorted Brushes and

67 cases Assorted Jam

LAMBERT BROS. Auctioneers.

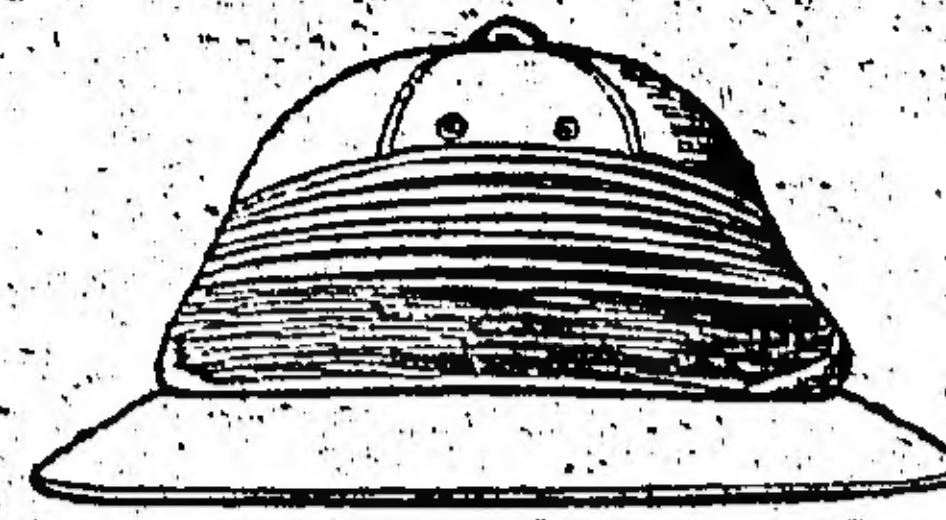
THE FRUIT SEASON.

BOWEN, complaint of fruit to be procured during the fruit season. Be sure to keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy at hand. It may save a life. For sale by all Chemists and Grocers.

NOTICES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO. THE HOUSE FOR HATS.

HAWKES' FAMOUS CORK SUN HATS.



The Special Feature of this HAT is this Cushion fitting which conforms to any Shape head. Finished with Leather Binding.

neat Puggaree and Chin Strap.

Smart Shape and Absolutely Water Proof.

Stocked in No. 1 & No. 2, Quality.

Price - - - \$9.00 & \$11.00. Each.

Tress & Co.'s Light Weight Cork Hats.

Extremely Light and Fashionable Shape with Perfect and Positive Ventilator which combines both Comfort and Ease. \$7.50 EACH.

COLUMBIA

New Records Received.

A6054 (Good Morning Mr. Zip-Zip, Fox Trot Marsont Bros. One Step.
A5951 (A Little Bit Of Sunshine, Fox Trot Princes Band.
A5951 (Pretty Baby, Fox Trot Princes Band.
A5951 (Walkin' The Dog, Fox Trot Princes Band.
A5951 (Waterson, One Step.
A5951 (Over There, Fox Trot Fullers Novelty Orchestra.
A5951 (Smiles, Fox Trot Fullers Novelty Orchestra.
A5951 (Missouri, Waltz Fullers Novelty Orchestra.
THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.
16, DES VREUX ROAD CENTRAL. TEL. 1332.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

We have this day REMOVED our GARAGE to No. 16, Des Vaux Road Central, (next to Sincere Co., Ltd.)

BREEZY GARAGE, Phone 2499.

Hongkong, April 2nd, 1920.

GENUINE CREME SIMON AND POUDDRE SIMON.

STOCKS OF THESE FAMOUS FACIAL PREPARATIONS JUST RECEIVED FROM FRANCE.

COLONIAL DISPENSARY.

14, Queen's Road Central Telephone No. 1979.

TANSAN

received the highest award

A GOLD MEDAL

from a committee of critical judges at the Anglo-Japanese Exhibition which testifies to its excellence and purity.

Beware of bogus imitations. No Tansan is genuine unless the label bears the name of J. OLIVER & WILKINSON.

Unrivalled as a drink. Mixes well with Water, Soda Milk.

Tansan raises the spirits and excites sanguine animation, even as a flagon of wine exhilarates the monks of old.

For the good old friar of olden days. Would have waived the flagon of wine away And consorted himself as any man.

With bubbling, sparkling, tonic Tansan.

Tansan can be obtained at all first class Hotels, Bars and Clubs in the Far East.

SOLE AGENTS: GANDE, PRICE & COMPANY, LTD. Tel. No. 123.

SHIPPING

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 5 p.m.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

SAILINGS:—

To Macao daily at 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sundays at 9 a.m.)
From Macao daily at 8.30 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sundays at 6 p.m.)

Police Permits to leave the Colony are not required.
Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.

STEAMSHIP SERVICES.

FOR NEW YORK via Panama Canal.

S.S. "BOLTON CASTLE"

Sailing on or about Middle May.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

FOR BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE

via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, AND PORT SAID.

S.S. "INNSBRUCK"

Sailing on or about April 27th.

FOR SHANGHAI AND JAPAN.

S.S. "AFRICA"

Sailing on or about 26th April.

NANYO YUSEN KAISHA, Ltd.

(SOUTH SEA MAIL S. S. CO.)

Regular Services between

JAPAN, HONGKONG & JAVA

FOR JAVA.

S.S. "SAMARANG MARU"

Sailing on or about 25th April.

OCEAN TRANSPORT Co., Ltd.

(TAITO KAIUN KAISHA.)

Steamship Services Trans-Pacific.

Also to Australia, Europe, etc.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

TAKING Cargo on through Bills of Lading to South AFRICAN PORTS with transshipment at CAIRO.

in conjunction with the

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

AND APCAR LINES.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply—

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTS

BEST TERMS COMPLETE STOCK.

(ESTABLISHED 1880). SINGON & CO. (TELEPHONE 518).

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG

—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.

HAYAMA MARU Tuesday, 4th May.

HAYRE MARU Tuesday, 8th June.

BUENOS AIRES

—Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Mauritius, Durban and Cape Town via Singapore.

PANAMA MARU Friday, 23rd May.

SEATTLE MARU Middle of July.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO

—Regular fortnightly service via S'pore.

LUZON MARU Beginning of May.

SIAM MARU Middle of May.

SAIGON, BANGKOK & SINGAPORE

—Regular Monthly service.

SHISEN MARU Sunday, 2nd May.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE

—Monthly services taking cargo to New Zealand and Pacific Islands.

MITSUBI MARU Monday, 10th May.

VICTORIA & VANCOUVER

—Tacoma via Manila, Keelung, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Yokohama.

AFRICA MARU (Call Shanghai) Saturday, 22nd May.

CHICAGO MARU Saturday, 6th June.

KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY

—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers and will arrive at and depart from the O.S.K. wharf near the Harbor Office.

AMAKUSA MARU Sunday, 25th April.

TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY

ROSHU MARU Thursday, 22nd April.

JAPAN PORTS—Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Yokohama.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

Y. YASUDA, Manager, No. 1, Queen's Building, Tel. No. 741 and 745.

THE CHINA & AUSTRALIA S.S. CO.

FOR MELBOURNE & SYDNEY, via MANILA, SANDAKAN & QUEENSLAND PORTS.

"HWAH PINO" Sailing on or about 17th April.

"VICTORIA" Sailing on or about 5th May.

(Calling at Port Darwin).

For Passage and Freight apply to—

THE CHINA & AUSTRALIA S.S. CO.

115 Connaught Road Central. Agents.

SHIPPING

C. N. C. CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILING SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN	HUICHOW	April 23, at 4 p.m.
NEWCHOW	POCHOW	April 24, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	SHANTUNG	April 27, at 4 p.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI AND FUKOW	CHINSHU	April 27, at 10 a.m.
SWATOW & HANGKOW	YINGCHOW	April 29, at Noon
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	YINGCHOW	May 1, at 4 p.m.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	TAKING	May 4, at 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAIL AND CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation available. Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai (three weekly) and Tientsin (weekly), taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

HANGKOW LINE—Weekly service to and from Bangkok via Swatow. For Freight or Passage apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.

Telephone No. 25.



Operating the following U.S. Shipping Board Steamers.

For SEATTLE, TACOMA, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER.

(Calling at Shanghai and Kobe).

"EDMORE" About April 30th.

"WEST HARTLAND" About May 10th.

"YONIC" About May 25th.

"CROSSKEY" About June 2nd.

For PORTLAND Direct.

(Calling at Shanghai and Kobe).

"COAXET" About April 28th.

"WABAN" About May 15th.

"MONTAGUE" About June 10th.

"AEROS" About June 30th.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Overland Common Points.

FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO:

THE ADMIRAL LINE.

Telephones 2477 & 2478. Fifth Floor, Hotel Mansions.

FOR NEW YORK & BOSTON.

THE U. S. SHIPPING BOARD.

S.S. "DRYDEN"

About MAY 10th.

Via PANAMA.

S.S. "RADNOR"

About MAY 10th.

Via PANAMA.

For freight space and particulars apply to—

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.,

THE ADMIRAL LINE,

Telephones

AGENTS.

5th Floor

Hotel Mansions.

LOS ANGELES PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY.

HONGKONG TO LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.

DEPARTURES	ABOUT	SAILING FOR LOS ANGELES	ABOUT
S.S. VINITA	May 15.	S.S. VINITA	May 17.
S.S. WEST NIVARIA	June 15.	S.S. WEST NIVARIA	June 17.
S.S. WEST MONTOP	July 15.	S.S. WEST MONTOP	July 17.

Through Bills of Lading to all U.S. and Canadian overland points; no transshipment en route.

*Ships in connection with the Salt Lake, Santa Fe and Southern Pacific Railroads.

HEAD OFFICE—LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

BRANCH OFFICES—Kobe, SHANGHAI, MANILA, SINGAPORE.

HONGKONG OFFICE—Prince's Buildings, Chater Road.

CHAS. E. RICHARDSON,

General Agent for South China.

Telephone No. 1081.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

PART AND LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamers tons Leave Hongkong.

KOREA MARU 30,000 3rd May.

YUNO MARU 22,000 27th May.

SHIBUKI MARU 20,000 13th June.

BEIKYO MARU 22,000 17th June.

*PERIA MARU 5,000 6th July.

From Kobe. *Omitting call at Shanghai.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

HONGKONG to VALPARAISO via JAPAN, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, BALBOA, PANAMA, CALLAO, ARIKA and IQUIQUE.

Thence by Trans-Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

Steamers tons Leave Hongkong.

BEIKYO MARU 14,000 May 7th.

KIYO MARU 17,000 July 12th.

ANJO MARU 18,000 Sept. 8th.

Tickets are interchangeable with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Service, Ltd. and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Passengers may travel by rail between ports of call in Japan free of charge.

FREIGHT SERVICE

Direct Freight service to CUBA and NEW ORLEANS via San Francisco, Balboa and the Panama Canal.

Leave Hongkong.

CHYO-MARU April 27th.

For all information as to rates, freight space, sailings, etc., apply to—

Y. TSUTSUMI, MANAGER, King's Building.

Telephone 2374 and 25.

SHIPPING

CP OS

SAILINGS

HONGKONG to VANCOUVER

(via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama)

STEAMERS: FROM HONGKONG DUE VANCOUVER

Empress of Russia May 8 May 24

Empress of Japan May 26 June 16

Empress of Asia June 3 June 21

Monteagle June 8 July 2

Empress of Russia July 1 July 19

Empress of Japan July 20 Aug. 10

Empress of Asia July 29 Aug. 18

Monteagle Aug. 12 Sept. 5

Empress of Russia Aug. 23 Sept. 13

Empress of Japan Sept. 14 Oct. 5

Empress of Asia Sept. 23 Oct. 11

Empress of Russia Oct. 21 Nov. 8

Monteagle Oct. 25 Nov. 19

Empress of Japan Nov. 9 Nov. 30

Passage Rates Hongkong to United Kingdom.

Empress of Russia 18,550 Tons Reg. Gold \$300 Tons Reg. Gold

Empress of Asia \$485.00 Montreale \$485.00

Empress of Japan \$485.00 Montreale \$485.00

Empress of Russia \$485.00 Montreale \$485.00

Empress of Japan \$485.00 Montreale \$485.00

Empress of Asia \$485.00 Montreale \$485.00

Empress of Russia \$485.00 Montreale \$485.00

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Empress of Asia \$485.00 Montreale \$485.00

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YOU'LL SLEEP BETTER IF YOU

OUR LOOSE FITTING
SHORT SLEEVE, KNEELENGTH
SLEEPING SUITSMade of white check nainsook, soft,
light weight yet firm, cut full and
easy fitting and wash splendidly.

\$ 3.75 per Suit

LONG SLEEVES & FULL LENGTH, \$4.00 per Suit

MACKINTOSH& CO., LTD.
Men's Wear Specialists.

16, Des Voeux Road.

Telephone 29.

SHANGHAI COTTON MFG.
CO.

EXTRAORDINARY MEETING.

WINDING UP RESOLUTION
CARRIED.MR. ROBERTSON'S DISSATIS-
FACTION.

Despite the opposition of a substantial number of the British shareholders, the extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Shanghai Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd., held on April 9, at the offices of the agents, the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd., decided that the company should be wound up voluntarily and that Messrs. Norman Thomson and E. S. Wilkinson should be appointed liquidators. The directors present were Messrs. W. J. N. Dyer, J. Prentice, H. E. Morris and K. Onani, with the secretary, Mr. Kuroda, the attendance representing 30,022 shares. Mr. M. Nodira, chairman of the company, was not present.

Mr. W. J. N. Dyer proposed in the absence of the chairman that the chair should be taken by Mr. J. Prentice.

Mr. Morris seconded.

Mr. H. Robertson: Gentlemen, I beg to object.

Mr. Dyer: Have you a second to that motion?

Mr. M. K. Kempson: I second that.

Mr. Dyer explained that the procedure adopted was in accordance with Article 80 of the Articles of Association.

Mr. Robertson: Gentlemen, the meeting was called by the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha and I maintain that the manager of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha must be chairman of the meeting. If not, then pass it round the board and we will elect a chairman ourselves.

Mr. Dyer's proposition was then put to the meeting and declared carried, and Mr. Prentice occupied the chair.

Mr. Robertson: Gentlemen of the Press, I ask you to note my protest please. I object to Mr. Prentice taking the chair.

Mr. Prentice: I am sorry Mr. Robertson objects to my taking the chair, but I do so in accordance with the Articles of Association. I will now call upon Mr. Kuroda to read the notice convening the meeting. There is one statement made by Mr. Robertson that I must answer. He said that the meeting was called by the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha and that the manager of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha must take the chair. This meeting was called by the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha as agents for the Shanghai Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

The secretary then read the notice convening the meeting, after which the Chairman said:—

THE WINDING UP RESOLUTION.
Gentlemen.—This meeting is for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, passing an extraordinary resolution the following resolution, that is to say:—That the Com-

pany be wound up voluntarily and that Messrs. Norman Thomson and Edward Sheldon Wilkinson, be and they are hereby appointed jointly and severally liquidators for the purpose of such winding up.

Our reasons for proposing the resolution are as follows:—This company is a British China Company and under the new Order in Council (regarding such companies) published early this year, the agents and general managers must be British subjects. Now, The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd. (a Japanese company), have been agents and general managers of the company since its incorporation on December 5, 1909; their management has always been most satisfactory and successful, and we regret exceedingly that if the company is to remain British the agency and general management would have to be taken from them. We have received a letter from a large majority of the shareholders stating they would oppose any scheme for change of the management, and would rather have the company wound up than have the management changed.

Your directors after careful consideration have decided in the best interests of all the shareholders to recommend the voluntary winding up of the company, and to sell for cash as a going concern the whole of its undertaking and business, and to distribute the net profits to the shareholders, pro rata, according to the number of shares held by them.

We advise you to accept the resolution and vote in favour of it, as the requisite majority.

I shall now move the resolution and after it has been seconded it will be open for discussion.

Mr. Morris seconded the proposition.

REPRESENTATION DEMANDED.
Mr. G. H. Pons: I beg to propose an amendment to the resolution, notice of which has already been sent to the Board and which has appeared in the North-China Daily News—on behalf of the shareholders of this company whose interests are the same as my own, and who hold something over 12,000 shares, but owing to the regulations in the articles of association, 6,000 are not entitled to vote. We do not in any way complain of the regulation in the articles restricting shareholders' voting powers, but we feel that in so important a matter as the sale of the whole undertaking of the company's property, in the interests of so large a share as we have, we should have representation. We hope you will see the reasonableness of this view and will pass the amendment. Such a course would entirely satisfy myself and friends who only desire that the company's property should be realized to the best advantage of all concerned. Gentlemen, I have much pleasure in reading the amendment to the resolution:—

"That the extraordinary resolution set out in the published notice of the meeting be amended by the insertion therein of the name of Eric Munro Ross after the name of Edward Sheldon Wilkinson."

Mr. Robertson: I beg to second that, gentlemen.

Refreshing the Skin

A most refreshing health-pleasure and toilet ideal, refreshing and softening the skin, is daily enjoyed by use of

"Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap"

English made and delicious, or use, "Soft" and "Suds" purposes. Delicate, refreshing, purifying. Est. 40 years.

Lady O. Howard writes:

"I like the 'Albion and Sulphur Soap' very much. It is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin."

Lady O. Robert-Hamilton writes:

"The 'Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap' is an extremely pleasant soap, and I prefer it to any other I have ever tried."

No artificial scents used.

Sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc. Way not try a tablet of the

"ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP."

LOST OR WON?

The chairman then put the amendment to the meeting and on a show of hands declared it carried, but at the same time demanded a poll.

Mr. Robertson said he also demanded a poll.

The Chairman: So there is no objection, we can either take it as your demand or mine.

Mr. Robertson: This is the first recognition that we have any rights.

The Chairman: I made it quite clear that the amendment was lost by a show of hands, but I think it only right that we should have a poll.

Mr. Pons: I understood you to say the amendment was carried.

The Chairman: No, Sir, I said it was lost.

Mr. Burrett: You said it was carried.

The Chairman: Well, I say now it was lost and if I demand a poll everything will be all right.

Mr. Burrett: I think it would be of interest to shareholders present if it was announced the number of shares represented personally, the number represented by proxy and the number which are ineligible to vote by reason of article 80, before you announce the result of the poll.

The Chairman: In answer to Mr. Burrett's question, the number of shares represented personally in the room is 20,915; 9,107 are represented by proxy, totalling 30,022, and the total number of shares in the company is 40,000.

Messrs. Burrett and Platt were appointed scrutineers and as a result of the poll, the Chairman declared the amendment lost, 6,262 votes being recorded for the amendment and 23,805 against.

THE QUESTION OF SALE.

Before the Chairman put the substantive resolution, Mr. Burrett said:—

May I ask one or two questions in connection with it because if it is passed it may be too late. According to the circular issued by the company dated March 24, 1920, the directors announce that they will publicly invite tenders for the purchase of the entire undertaking in order to save time after the liquidation. I should like to ascertain whether any tender for the company's assets and undertaking has been asked for or received?

The Chairman: Not yet. They cannot be asked for until after the next meeting.

Mr. Burrett: Have particulars of the undertaking been given to any possible buyers?

The Chairman: Not yet.

Mr. Burrett: Will particulars of the undertaking be made available to persons who are not directly connected with the undertaking, not only in Shanghai and elsewhere?

The Chairman: Yes, we propose sending them to Japan, Shanghai and Hongkong.

Mr. Burrett: Shanghai and elsewhere?

The Chairman: Yes.

Mr. Burrett: Will that include Lancashire and Bombay?

The Chairman: It depends upon whether the Court will allow us to go on long enough as we are doing if we are to send particulars to Lancashire and Bombay.

The Chairman then put the resolution which he declared carried, but also demanding a poll.

Mr. Burrett asked whether a poll was necessary and the Chairman replied that the result would probably be the same as in the case of the amendment.

Mr. Burrett: I think the majority is satisfied that it will be carried.

The Chairman: You are not satisfied as to the poll.

Mr. Burrett: I am satisfied it will be carried.

Mr. Robertson: I am not.

The Chairman: I think, as Mr. Robertson is not satisfied, we had better have a poll on the resolution.

MR. ROBERTSON DISSATISFIED.

Mr. Robertson: If you had listened to what I had said, you would have known that I did not raise any objection to the previous poll. You say you demand a poll on this and you can have a poll. Whether you have a poll or don't I am dissatisfied, whether it is carried by a show of hands or not. If it is carried by a poll, I shall still be dissatisfied.

The Chairman: I thought you were dissatisfied with the previous poll?

Mr. Robertson: I am not dissatisfied with the poll. I am dissatisfied with the whole proceeding.

On the poll being taken the resolution was declared carried by 24,053 against 5,912 votes.

Mr. Burrett asked that in view of the feeling existing with regard to the absence of the Chairman of the company, whether some explanation could be given. He understood he was in port if not in that very building.

The Chairman said he could not say

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

(BY COURTESY "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS.")

PRESIDENTIAL MANDATE ABOUT
GERMANS IN CHINA.

PEKING, April 21.

A Presidential Mandate is being published promulgating the regulations governing the entry of Germans into China.

These provide that passports should be issued by Chinese diplomats and Consular agents abroad.

Germans repatriated from China and other doubtful cases are to be submitted to the Chinese Foreign Office and the Ministry of the Interior.

AFGHANS SEEK TREATY RELATIONS.

PEKING, April 21.

Afghanistan is seeking to enter into treaty relations with China.

JAPANESE ACTION REGARDING
CHINESE EASTERN RAILWAY.

PEKING, April 21.

The Chinese are indignant over the Japanese interfering with the control of the Chinese Eastern Railway, the protection of which is assigned to China by the Inter-Allied Board.

A protest to Japan is being prepared against Japanese intervention at Hailar and other places. The Chinese residents in Vladivostok are appealing to Peking to send troops for their protection.

BRITISH MINISTER PRESENTS
CREDENTIALS.

PEKING, April 21.

Mr. Bellby Alston presented his credentials as British Minister this morning to President Hsu Shih-chang and was accompanied by the Legation staff. There was a brilliant ceremonial.

Mr. Alston made a speech, and the President replied, dwelling on the intimate relations of the two countries for three generations. The President said the fact that not only our frontiers touch, but an untold number of men of the Chinese race are citizens of the British Empire in the great Colonies of the South gives our two countries a special and unique interest in the consolidation and maintenance of general peace and harmony in the region of Eastern Asia. May the bonds of friendship which unite the British Empire and China be made unbreakable, and thus serve the general interest of mankind.

SPURIOUS BANK OF ENGLAND
NOTES FOUND
IN SHANGHAI

Counterfeit 15 Bank of England notes believed to be in circulation in Shanghai, the discovery of several of which were thought to be spurious having followed a warning issued by the police in India that "green goods" were on the market. The notes against which the warning was issued were described as bearing the inscription payable in Hull or London. The notes that were regarded with suspicion were made payable in either Leeds or London.

Here is the warning sent out by the Indian police:—

It has come to the notice of the Government of India that counterfeit 15 Bank of England notes are in circulation and it is likely that these forged notes may find their way to India. Examination shows that the notes have been produced by what is known as "intaglio" printing from a metal plate—probably copper.

The size of the note is smaller than that of a genuine note and whereas the genuine note is payable in London, the spurious note is payable either in Hull or London.

The printing is of a yellow-crown; the original notes are printed in a different kind of ink. The watermark appears to have been made by means of a metal plate impressed on the paper after the note was printed.

The edges of the forged note are cut on all four sides by means of a machine, whereas the genuine note is cut on one side only, the remaining edges being "deckle."

The spurious notes are "quite good enough" to deceive many people, especially those not familiar with genuine Bank of England notes.

China Press.

if that were so or not, but it was immaterial.

Mr. Onani stated Mr. Nodira was not in the building, and was understood to say the latter was suffering from a sore throat.

The meeting then terminated.

AMERICAN CONSULATE
GENERAL, HONGKONG.TRADE INQUIRY LIST
NO. 137.

Hongkong merchants are invited to correspond with American concerns seeking Hongkong connections as listed below:—

No. 1366.—Tobacco working and other Industrial Machinery.—The American Machine and Foundry Company of 59 Holborn Viaduct, London, England, seeks Hongkong connections for the introduction of their line of standard tobacco machinery and other automatic industrial machines.

No. 1367.—Paints and varnish. The Ocean Paint Works of 54 Front Street, New York City, invite correspondence looking to the introduction of their line of paints, oils, zinc, varnish, lead and colours.

No. 1368.—Special inks. Messrs. A. Van Brunt & Co., Inc. of 114 John Street, New York City, invite correspondence looking to the introduction of their line of duplicator and mimeograph inks.

No. 1369.—Gas machines. The Lirdsay Light Company of 51 Chambers Street, New York City, seek to introduce in this field their line of incandescent gas mantles and invite correspondence.

No. 1370.—Soap. The Sycamore Petroleum Company of Los Angeles, Cal., desire to correspond with Hongkong firms interested in good laundry soap.

No. 1371.—Leather. Messrs. Perkins and McNeely of 4th and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, seek to introduce in this field their line of glazed kid and similar leathers and invite correspondence.

No. 1372.—Typewriter Supplies. The Crown Ribbon and Carbon Manufacturing Company of 782-790 St. Paul Street, Rochester, N.Y., seek Hongkong connections for the introduction of their Crown brand of typewriter ribbons and carbon papers and similar goods.

No. 1373.—Chinese Produce.—Messrs. Christenson, Hanley and Weatherway of 24 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, China, seek Hongkong connections for the sale of Shantung and Hankow products including peanuts, walnuts, and other commodities usually exported to America and Europe.

No. 1374.—Dye Stuffs and Chemicals.—Messrs. W. A. Ross and Brother of 11 South William Street, New York City, seek Hongkong connections for the export of American dye-stuffs, particularly natural dyes, such as logwood extract, madder, bark extract, etc. The company invites correspondence.

No. 1375.—Automatic Power and Light Plant.—The Kohler Company of Kohler, Wisconsin, are planning to place on sale in this field an automatic power and light plant of 110 volts, a circular describing which has been received at the Consulate General. The company invites correspondence in regard to an agency.

Hongkong 20th April 1920.

SCENE IN MADRAS
COUNCIL.

Madras, Mar. 13.—The Madras Legislative Council reassembled this morning, the Hon. Mr. C. G. Todhunter presiding in the absence of the Governor, who was attending the Industrial Conference.

Mr. Venkataswami Raju questioned the legality of Mr. Todhunter taking the chair in the absence of H. E. the President, basing his objection on Section 75 Clause 3, of the Government of India Act, 1915.

Sir Rajagopalachari explained that though he was the Vice-President of the Council and should have presided in the absence of the Governor he did not do so because he was in charge of the District Municipalities Bill and it would be inconvenient for him to preside.

Mr. Narasimhaiah said the letter of the law should be adhered to and that Mr. Todhunter's presiding was ultra vires.

Sir Rajagopalachari thereupon went and fetched H. E. the Governor from the Industrial Conference, and after consultation the Governor made the announcement that for the period of this sitting Sir Rajagopalachari resigned the Vice-Presidency of the Council, and His Excellency appointed Mr. Todhunter Vice-President.

The Council then proceeded with the discussion of the District Municipalities Bill.

"WALLA-WALLAS" double-cross the harbour, but never double-cross you. Phone No. 3516.

NOTICES.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

COLD STORAGE.

Store your Winter clothes, furs, rugs, carpets &c., in our cold stores. The only safe method of keeping them during the Summer months. For full particulars apply to the Secretary.

The Dairy Farm, Ice & Cold Storage Co. Ltd.



VACUUM FLASKS. VACUUM JARS.

Outdoors and indoors ICY-HOT Products are necessities. Everyone has constant need of them when autoing, on all outings and in the home. Keep hot or cold food and drinks hot 24 hours without fire, cold 8 days without ice.

VACUUM FLASKS.

Case enamelled in imitation of leather, supplied in either green or black. Nickel-plated shoulder and drinking cup.

Pint size - \$3.50
Quart size - \$5.75

All nickel-plated brass cases with corrugations to prevent slipping from the hand.

Pint Corrugated - \$5.75
Quart Corrugated - \$7.50

Enamelled ICY-HOT Jar.

Keep solid foods hot or cold frozen. Can be used also for liquids. Wide mouth to permit easy insertion of spoon.

Case black enamelled; shoulder and cup nickel-plated.

Pint - \$6.50
Quart - \$7.50

SINGLE CASES.

Made of the best genuine leather, lined, beautifully sewed, strong and well made throughout. Rich and elegant in appearance and very durable.

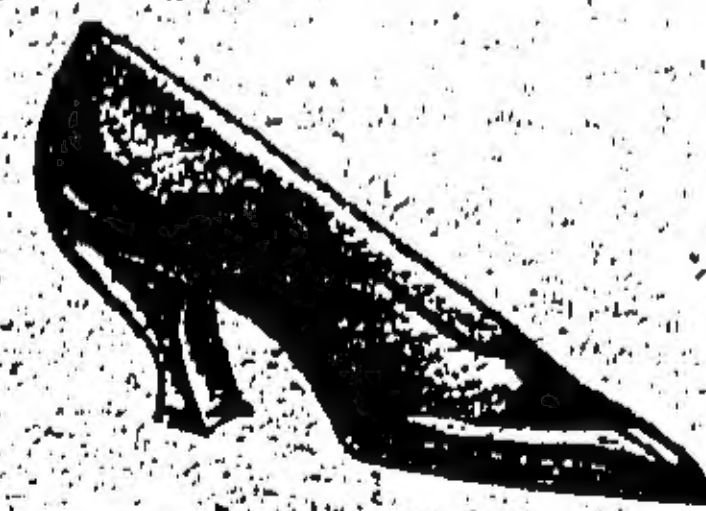
Pint - \$6.50
Quart - \$7.50

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

20, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

The QUEEN of PUMPS.

The PUMP for QUEENS.

STYLE-COMFORT-
QUALITY.

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

"HONGKONG EMPORIUM"

REMINGTON SELF-STARTER
IS THE MOST IMPORTANT TIME-AND LABOUR SAVING FEATURE EVER PLACED ON THE CORRESPONDENCE
TYPEWRITER.

MUSTARD & CO.

Tel. No. 1186.

SUPREME COURT.

Before the Acting Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Gompertz, in the Supreme Court this morning, the hearing was continued of the probate action in which Ho Cheng Shi, widow and administratrix of the estate of Ho Wo Lam, deceased, sued Ho Ngok Lau for an account of the late Ho Wo Lam's share in a theatrical business in Hongkong, on behalf of a youth named Ho Shau Yan, an infant, who was posthumously adopted as the son and heir of Ho Wo Lam.

Mr. Eldon Porter, with Mr. F. C. Jenkin, instructed by Mr. M. W. Lo, appeared for the plaintiff, and the Hon. Mr. E. H. Sharp, M.C., with Mr. C. G. Alabaster, instructed by Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, appeared for the defendant.

This morning Mr. Porter continued his opening address and enlarged upon his contention that the firm in respect of which the action was being taken was not a branch of a similar firm in Canton, but was a separate business in Victoria, within the jurisdiction of the Hongkong Supreme Court, and that plaintiff, as administratrix of an admitted partner in the business, was entitled to an account of his share. The case is proceeding and will probably not be concluded for several days.

CRICKET.

I.R.C. v. C.S.C.C.

The following will represent the I.R.C. in a friendly match against the C.S.C.C. on the former's ground to-morrow at 2.15 p.m. A. H. Rumjahn, A. el Arculli, G. C. Earde, A. A. Rumjahn, D. Rumjahn, S. H. Ismail, S. D. Ismail, S. A. Ismail, N. M. Bux, J. Curreen and S. A. R. Ismail.

SHIPS DUE TO ARRIVE.

FROM EUROPE.

The s.s. TETTER, due here Apr. 22 from Europe, and sail for Yokohama via Tsingtao, Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe, Apr. 24.
The s.s. PRIMA, due here Apr. 23rd from Europe, and sail for Daiyu via Shanghai, Yokohama and Tokyo Apr. 24.
The s.s. LAERTES, due here Apr. 23 from Europe and sail for Shanghai Apr. 25.
The s.s. EURYADES, due here May 1st from Europe and sail for Japan via Tsingtao May 2.
The s.s. TYDEUS, due here May 1st from Europe and sail for Japan via Shanghai May 2.
The s.s. IDOMENUS, due here May 12th and sail for Shanghai May 13.
The s.s. TERANIAS, due here May 16th and sail for Shanghai May 17.
The s.s. TALIBYUS, due here May 25th and sail for Japan, May 26.
The s.s. HELENUS, due here May 27th and sail for Japan via Shanghai, May 28.
The s.s. AGAPENOR, due here May 31st and sail for Japan, June 1.
The s.s. PAE LING, due here June 5th and sail for Japan, June 10.
The s.s. DEUCALION, due here June 12th and sail for Shanghai, June 13.

FROM AMERICA.

The s.s. VENEZUELA, left San Francisco Apr. 3, and is due here via Honolulu, Japan, Shanghai and Manila, May 12.

ARRIVALS.

April 22.
The s.s. EWEILIN, Brit., 1,073 tons, from Shanghai, Capt. A. McDowell, B. & S. C36.
The s.s. CHINHUA, Brit., 1,333 tons, from Swatow, Capt. Speed, B. & S. C39.
The s.s. K.W. ANGLIS, Chi., 1,481 tons, from Shanghai, Capt. S. Taylor, B. & S. N. Co. C33.
The s.s. RHENUS, Brit., 4,230 tons, from Shanghai, Capt. E. Taylor, B. & S. A2.
The s.s. MUTTRA, Brit., 2,985 tons, from Calcutta, Capt. S. A. Morgan, M. & Co. What.
The s.s. FOOLEE, Chi., 559 tons, from Weihaiwei, Capt. S. Taylor, B. & S. B11.

CLEARANCES.

April 22.
The s.s. PRINCE, (Nor.), cleared to-day and will sail for Saigon at 8 a.m. to-morrow.
The s.s. HIRADO MARU, (Jap.), cleared to-day and will sail for London via Singapore at 8 p.m. to-morrow.
The s.s. BENGLUECH, (Brit.), cleared to-day and will sail for Yokohama via Moji at 10 a.m. to-morrow.
The s.s. RHENUS, (Brit.), cleared to-day and will sail for London via Singapore at 8 p.m. to-morrow.
The s.s. YANGTZE, (Brit.), cleared to-day and will sail for Singapore via Manila at 8 a.m. to-morrow.

DEPARTURES.

April 22.
The s.s. KASHIMA MARU, (Jap.), Capt. Sakai, Agents Doolittle & Co., left for Chin Wen Tso to-day.
The s.s. GLENLUCE, (Brit.), Capt. W. H. Kenneth, Agents J. M. & Co., left for Kobe via Shanghai to-day.
The s.s. SONGMA, (Fr.), Capt. Alexia, Agents Laplace, left for Haiphong via Haibow to-day.

WALLA-WALLA BOAT
In use only. Phone No. 3316.

WEATHER REPORT.

April 22d. 12h. 17m.—No returns from Japan and Vladivostok.

Pressure has increased considerably at Shanghai, and slightly to moderately over Formosa, and the east coast generally; it has decreased slightly elsewhere. The anticyclone has strengthened, and appears to have moved into the Yellow Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 9.06 inches, against an average of 9.88 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on the 23rd.

1.—Hongkong to Gap, Rock, N.E. winds, strong, moderating; fair.

2.—Formosa Channel. The same as No. 1.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamook. The same as No. 1.

4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan. The same as No. 1.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY,
HONGKONG, DAILY WEATHER
REPORT.

APRIL 22, 1920.—a.m.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer at Sea Level.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Wind.		
					Direction.	Force.	Weather.
Vladivostok	6 A.						
Yokohama	7 A.						
Shanghai	7 A.						
Amoy	7 A.						
Swatow	7 A.						
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